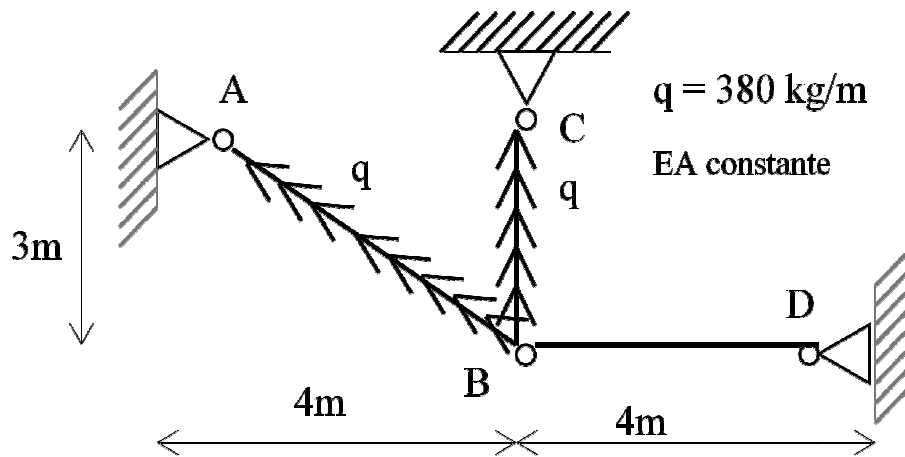


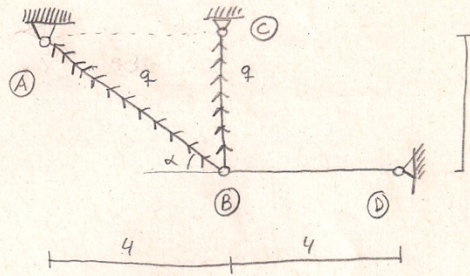
**Ejercicio 4: estructura hiperestática por compatibilidad**



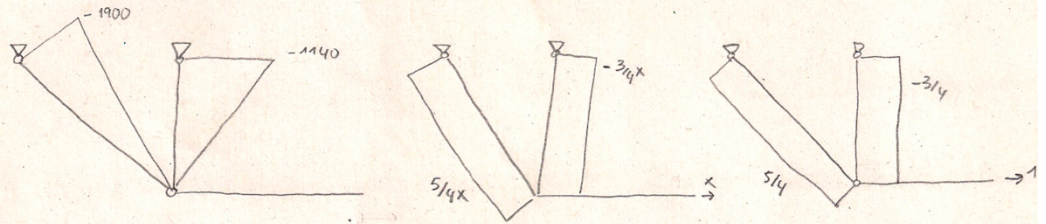
Empleando el método de la carga unitaria, determinar:

- Los diagramas de esfuerzos, suponiendo que la barra BD es indeformable
- La deformada indicando el desplazamiento de B
- El giro de la barra AB

# Solución



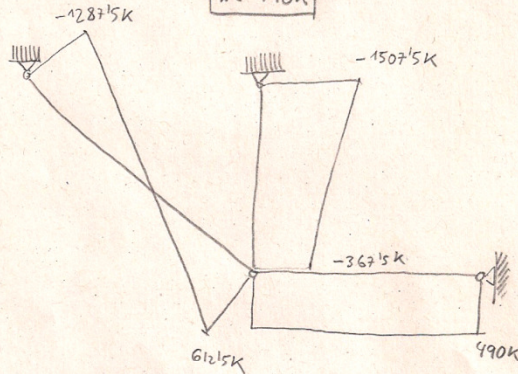
$q = 380 \text{ k/m}$   
 $EA, \text{cte}$   
 $\text{sen} \alpha = 3/5$   
 $\text{cos} \alpha = 4/5$



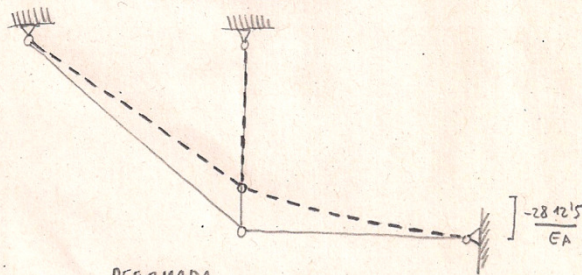
$$\frac{1}{2} \frac{(-1900)(5/4) \cdot 5}{EA} + \frac{(5/4x)(5/4) \cdot 5}{EA} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(-1140)(-3/4) \cdot 3}{EA} + \frac{(-3/4x)(-3/4) \cdot 3}{EA} = 0 = \Delta_D$$

$$-5937.5 + 7812.5x + 1282.5 + 1687.5x = 0$$

$$x = 490 \text{ k}$$



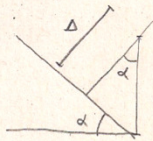
DIAGRAMAS DE ESFUERZOS



DEFORMADA

$$\Delta_B \downarrow = \frac{-367.5 \cdot 1.3}{EA} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(-1507.5 + 367.5) \cdot 1.3}{EA} = \frac{-2812.5}{EA}$$

GIRO DE LA BARRA A-B =



$$\Delta = \text{cos} \alpha \cdot \frac{2812.5}{EA} = \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{2812.5}{EA} = \frac{2250}{EA}$$

$$\varphi = \frac{\Delta}{L} = \frac{2250}{EA \cdot 5} = \frac{450}{EA}$$