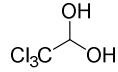


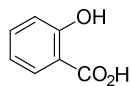
Tema 1 Introducción a los Fármacos. Ejercicios. Solución

1.



2,2,2-tricloroetano-1,1-diol

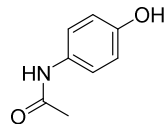
2.



ácido salicílico

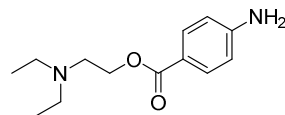
3.

El grupo principal es el grupo amida y no el grupo alcohol (fenol) que se emplea sin embargo en algunos nombres en la denominación común internacional DCI.



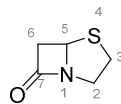
N-(4-hidroxifenil)acetamida

4.



procaína

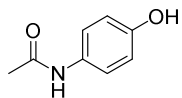
5.



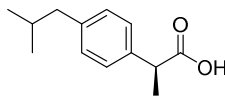
4-tia-1-azabiciclo[3.2.0]heptan-7-ona



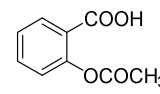
6.



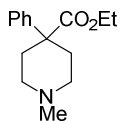
N-(4-hidroxifenil)acetamida



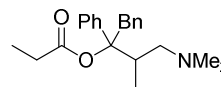
ácido (2S)-2-[4-(2-metilpropil)fenil]propanoico



ácido 2-acetoxibenzoico

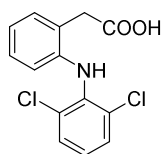


etil 1-metil-4-fenilpiperidino-4-carboxilato



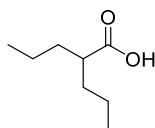
propionato de 4-(dimetilamino)-1,2-difenil-3-metilbutan-2-ilo

7.

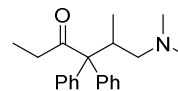


ácido 2-{2-[(2,6-diclorofenil)amino]fenil}acético

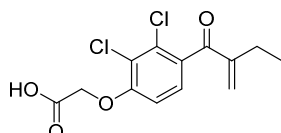
8.



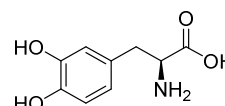
ácido 2-propilpentanoico



6-dimetilamino-4,4-difenil-5-metilhexan-3-ona

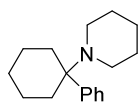


ácido [2,3-dicloro-4-(2-metilenbutanoil)fenoxi]acético

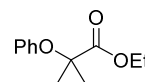


ácido (2S)-2-amino-3-(3,4-dihidroxifenil)propanoico

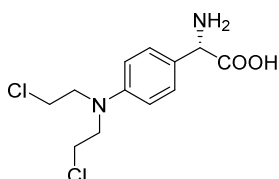
9.



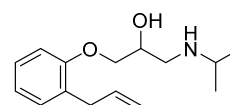
1-(1-fenilciclohexil)piperidina



2-metil-2-fenoxipropanoato de etilo



(S)-2-amino-2-(4-(bis(2-cloroetil)amino)fenil)acético

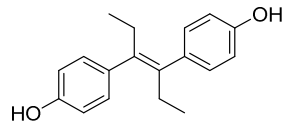


1-[2-(prop-2-en-1-il)feniloxi]-3-(propan-2-ilamino)propan-2-ol





10.



(E)-4,4'-(hex-3-eno-3,4-diil)difenol

