

# Rebreathing Diffusion

## Introduction.

Since 1999 we sell our re-breathing diffusion option.

The reproducibility and interpretation has always been a point of discussion.

The predicted values where always to high, and differently corrected than published in the literature.

Since the predicted DLCO rb is not a predicted as normally calculated but the predicted value depends on the measured Alv. Ventilation and Alv Volume.

This document describes the introduction of a new parameter that will be the new normalized estimated DLCO rb value.

After a discussion with the author, H. STam, he created a new exponential formula for the KCO from his study, this formula now, is Implemented, since JLAB 5.10.

# Needed Parameters

Parameter text editor  
number

5

6

22

23

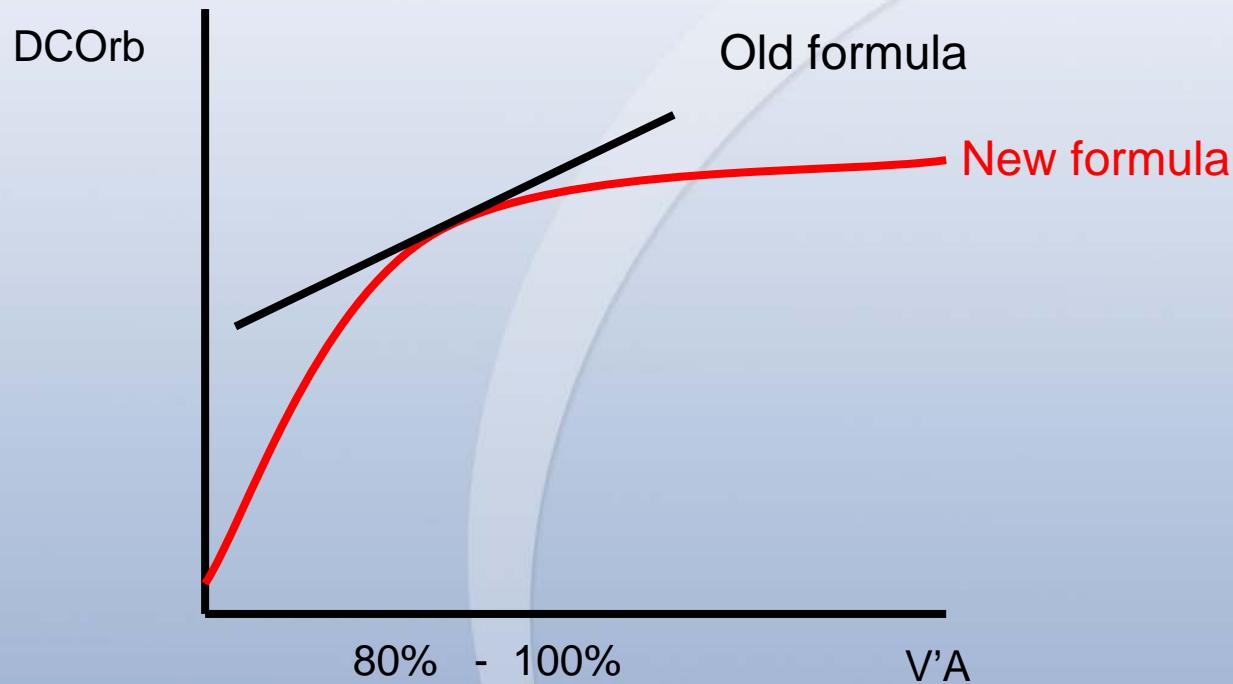
35

36

		Pred	Best	% (B / P)
	FRC-He [L]	3.63	4.01	110.5
	ERV [L]	1.57	1.83	116.2
	RV-He [L]	2.06	2.18	106.1
	VC_max [L]	5.69	5.73	100.7
	TLC-He [L]	7.86	7.91	100.6
	DLCOrb [mmol/min/kPa]		5.54	
	DLCOrb/VA mol/min/kPa/l		1.29	
	VA_rb_old [l]	3.72	4.26	114.7
	Alveol. ventil.o [l/min]	8.43	7.94	94.1
	KCOrbc No nmol/min/kPa/l		1.07	
	KCOrbc/KCOrbN [%]		120.5	
	Quality [%]		91.96	

Quality > 90%

# Rebreathing Diffusion



## New parameter

KCOrbN = KCO calculated according to the following formula.

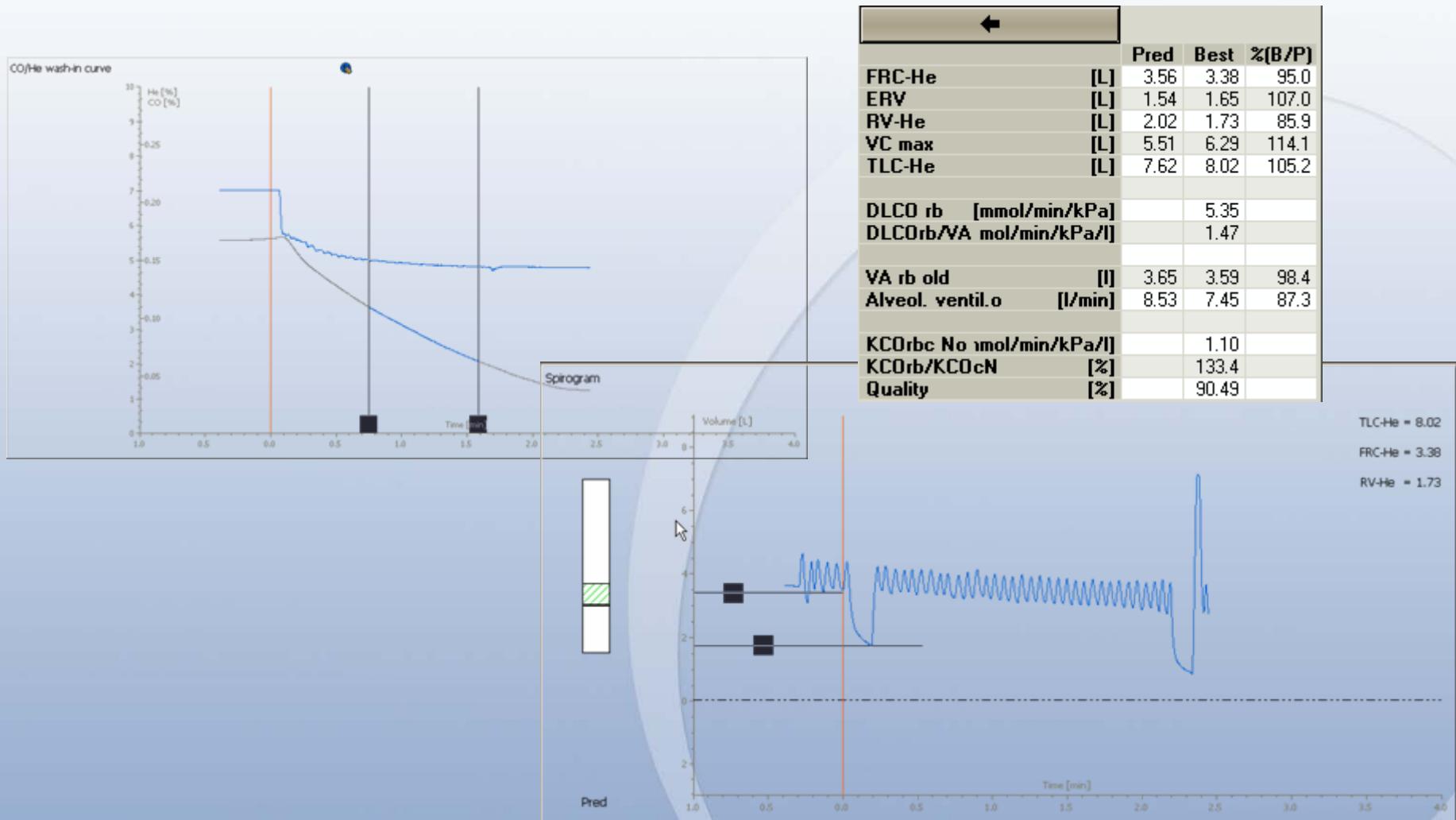
**KCOrbN =**

$$((44,584949202 + (-30,79427195 * \exp(-0,084992119 * \{V'A\ measured\}))) - 1,825664937 * \{V'Arb\ measured\} - 0,087302371 * \{Age\})) / 16,66667$$

**KCOrbN in mmol/min/kPa**

KCOrbN% = DLCO/VAc measured / KCOrbN

# Rebreathing Diffusion



# Formulas 1

$$TLCO_{rb} = 60 * \tau_{CO} * \frac{\{FRC_{STPD} + (V_D + V_{fill})_{STPD}\}}{P_{amb} - 6.25 \text{ hPa}} * \frac{1000}{22.4 \text{ l/mol}}$$

with:  $\tau_{CO}$  = time constant in [1/sec]

$P_{amb}$  = ambient pressure in kPa

$FRC_{STPD}$  = FRC at 0°C, 101.3 kPa, dry

$V_D$  = apparatus dead space, which is added to the filling volume

$V_{fill}$  = filling or starting volume of the rebreathing system

The unit of the so calculated  $TLCO_{rb}$  is:  $\left[ \frac{\text{mmol}}{\text{kPa} \cdot \text{min}} \right]$

## KCO<sub>rb</sub>

The Krogh-Factor KCO is calculated by:

$$KCO = \frac{TLCO_{rb}}{VA_{rb}}$$

# Formulas 2

Parameter number	Parameter name	Formula
• 5	VA	FRC Helium - Vdsystem
• 6	V'A Alveolar ventilation	$(Vt * Bf) - (Bf * Vdsys)$
• 22	DLCO	See previous Slide
• 23	DLCO/VAc	parameter 22 / par.5
• 35	KCOcN	
• 36	KCOrbc%N	Par 23 / par 35

**relationship KCOb%Pred and KCObN%pred**