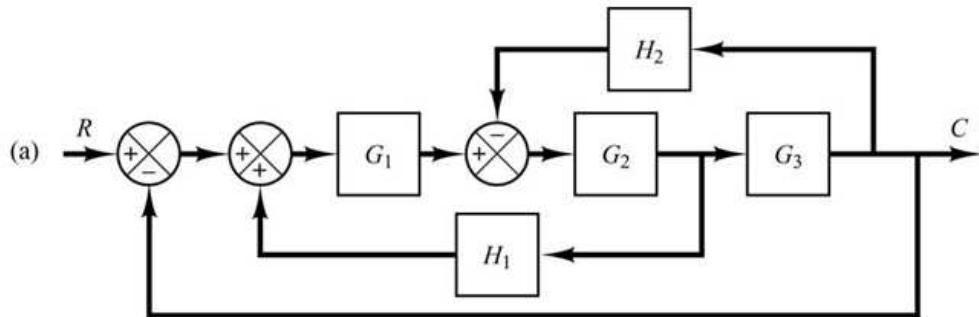


3. GAIA

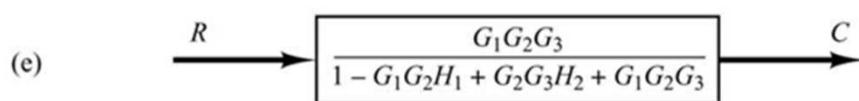
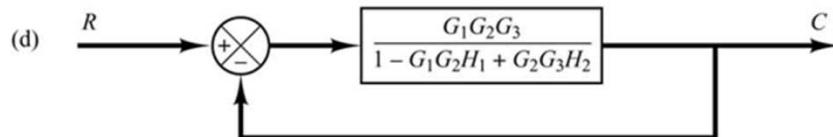
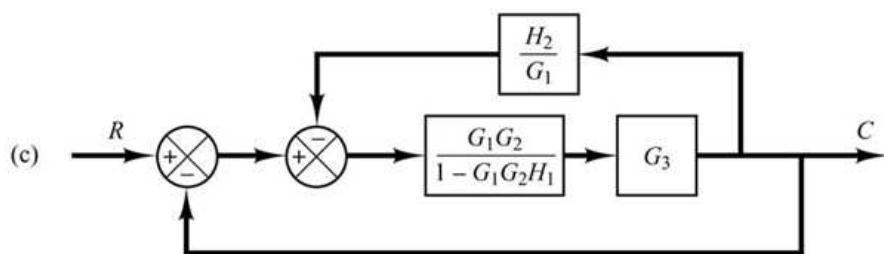
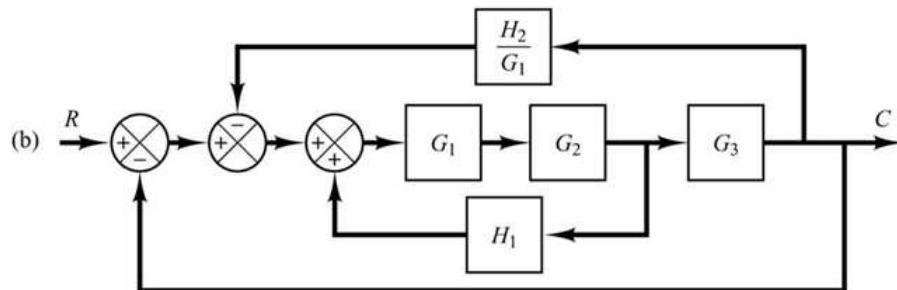
SISTEMEN KANPOKO ADIERAZPENA

3.1 ARIKETA

Blokeen simplifikazio metodoak erabiliz ondoko bloke-diagrama simplifikatu $G(s) = C(s)/R(s)$.



Emaitza:



3.2 ARIKETA

Demagun ondoko ekuazio-sistema:

$$X_1(s) = R(s) - F_1(s) X_4(s) - X_6(s)$$

$$X_2(s) = G_1(s) X_1(s)$$

$$X_3(s) = G_2(s) X_4(s)$$

$$X_4(s) = X_2(s) - X_3(s)$$

$$X_5(s) = G_3(s) X_3(s)$$

$$X_6(s) = X_5(s) + X_4(s)$$

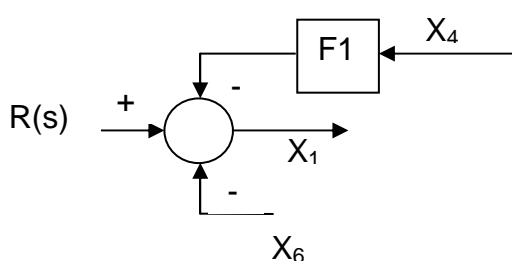
$$Y(s) = K X_6(s)$$

Non $G_1(s)$, $G_2(s)$, $G_3(s)$, $F_1(s)$ transferentzi funtzioko diren, $R(s)$ sistemaren sarrera izanik eta $Y(s)$ sistemaren irteera. Eskatzen dena:

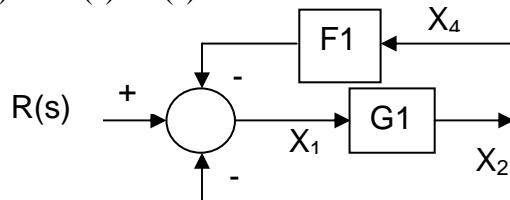
- 1) Ekuazio-sistemari dagokion bloke-diagrama irudikatu.

Emaitzta

$$X_1(s) = R(s) - F_1(s) X_4(s) - X_6(s)$$

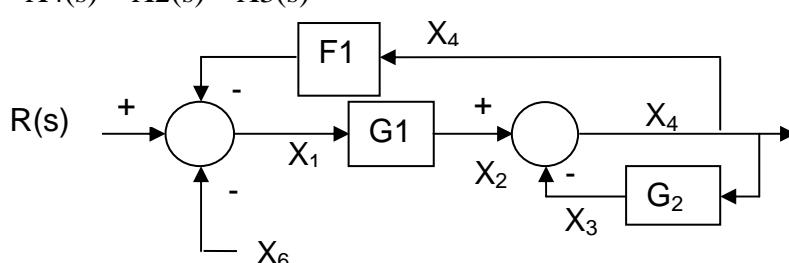


$$X_2(s) = G_1(s) X_1(s)$$

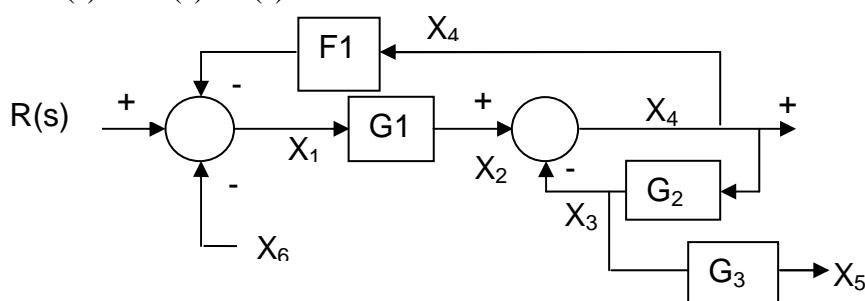


$$X_3(s) = G_2(s) X_4(s)$$

$$X_4(s) = X_2(s) - X_3(s)$$

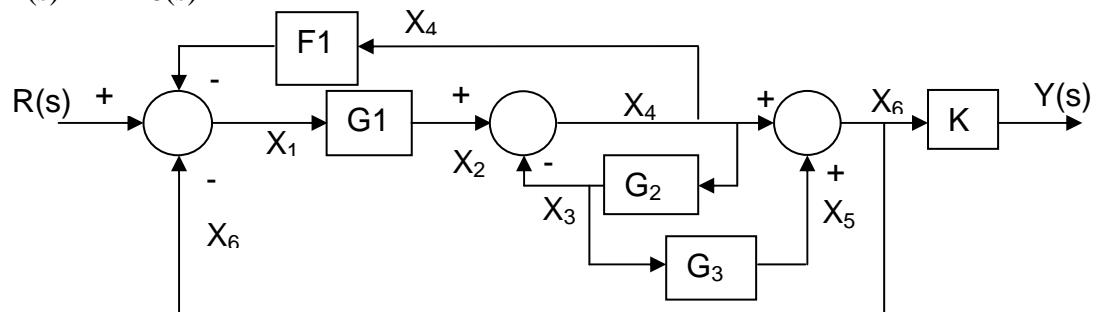


$$X_5(s) = G_3(s) X_3(s)$$

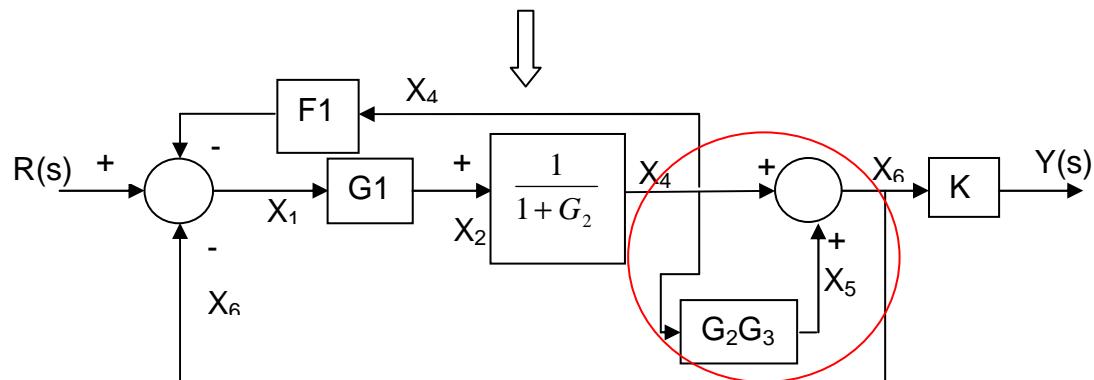
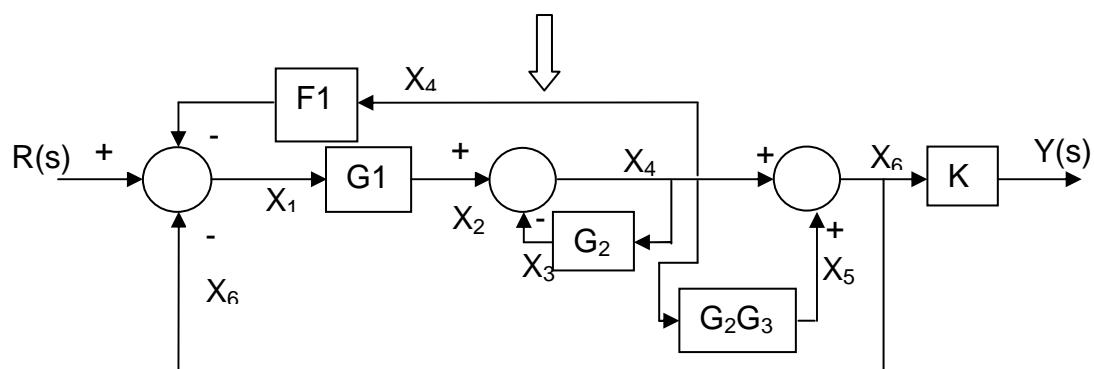
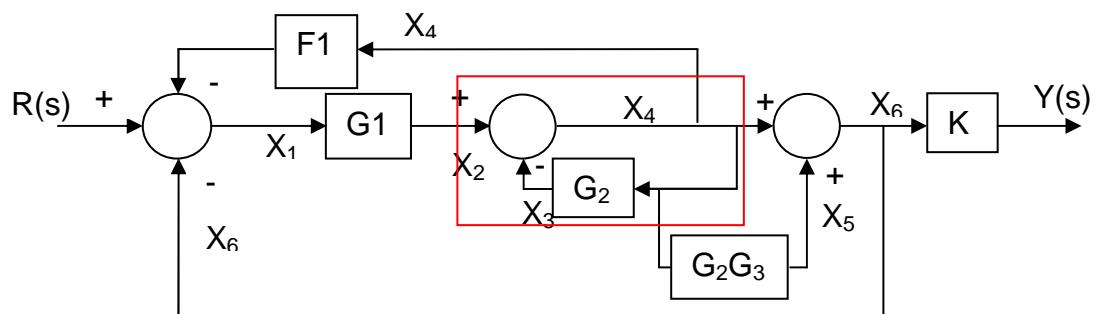
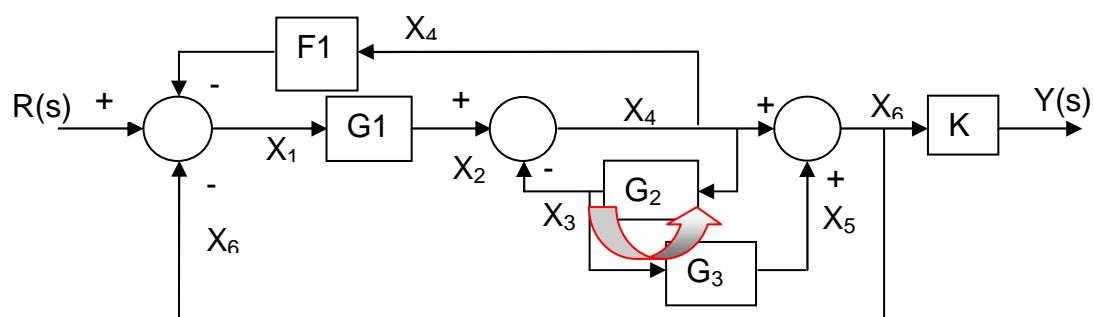


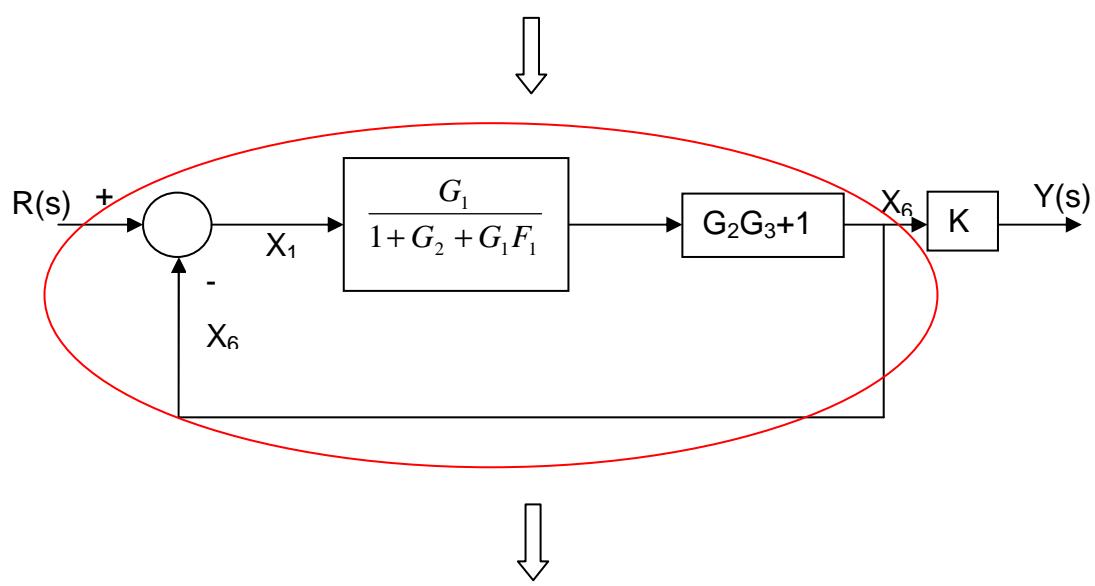
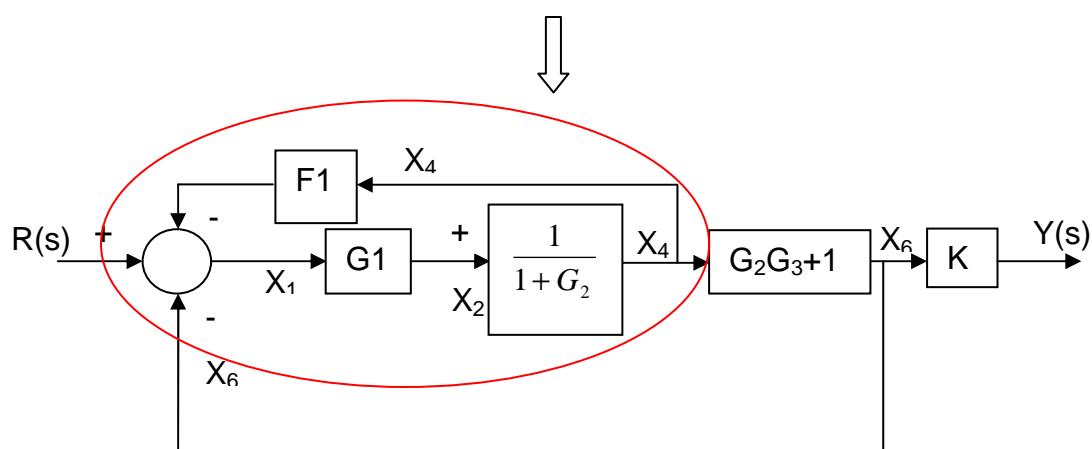
$$X_6(s) = X_5(s) + X_4(s)$$

$$Y(s) = K X_6(s)$$



2) Diagrama sinplifikatu, sinplifikazio teknikak erabiliz.

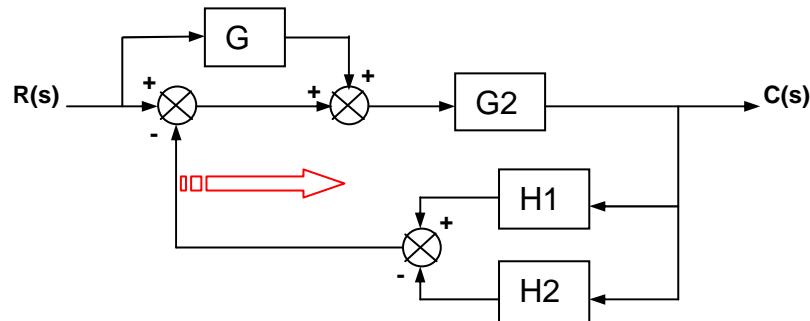




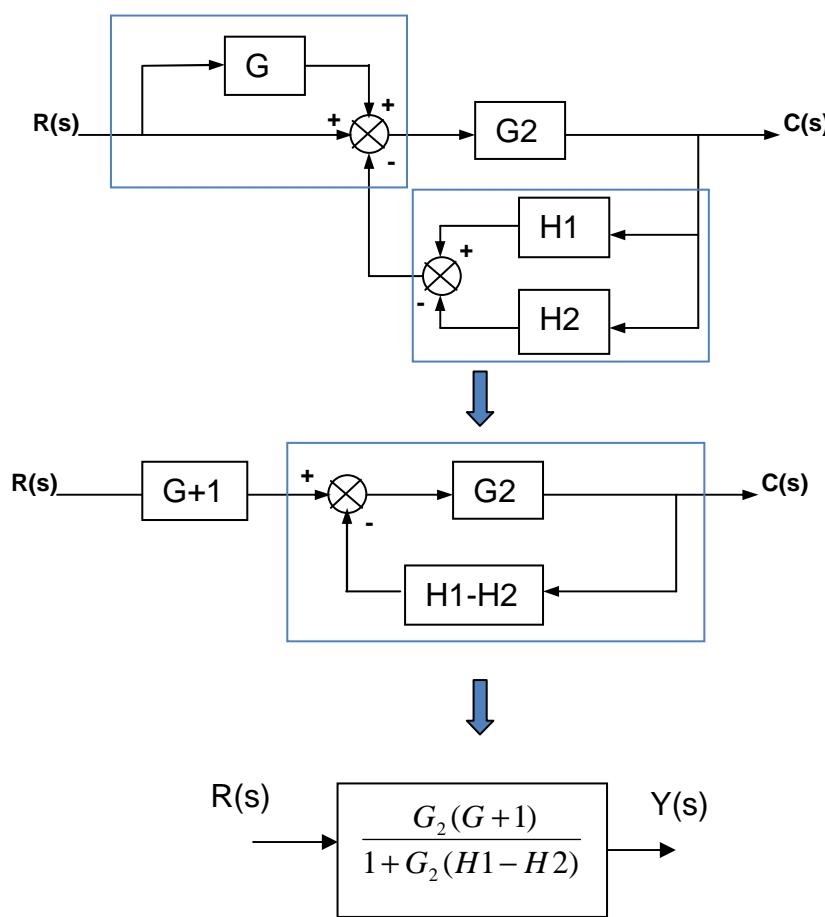
$$R(s) \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{KG_1(G_2G_3+1)}{1+G_2+G_1F_1+G_1(G_2G_3+1)}} \rightarrow Y(s)$$

3.3 ARIKETA

Blokeen simplifikazio metodoak erabiliz ondoko bloke-diagrama simplifikatu $G(s) = C(s)/R(s)$.



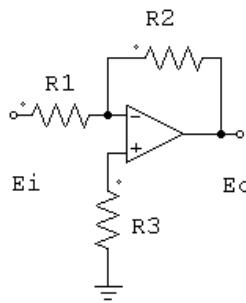
Emaitza:



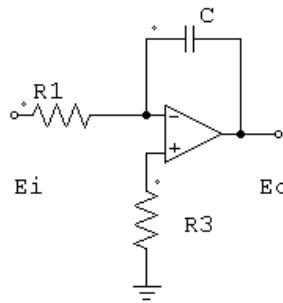
3.4 ARIKETA

Ondoko zirkuituen Transferentzi funtzioa kalkulatu:

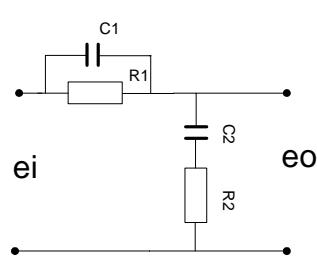
a)



b)



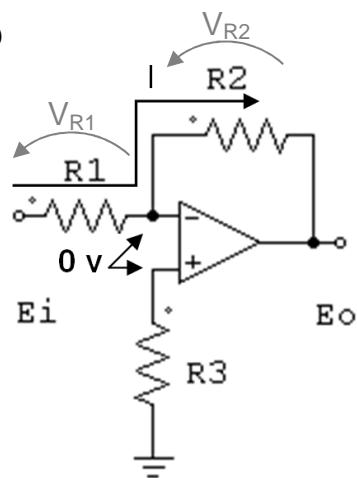
c)



Emaitza:

Ohmen Legea aplikatuz eta suposatuz amplifikadore operazional idealak:

a)



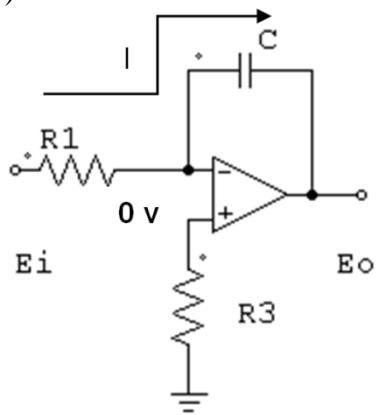
$$Ei(t) = R1 I(t) \Rightarrow Ei(s) = R1 I(s)$$

$$Eo(t) = -R2 I(t) \Rightarrow Eo(s) = -R2 I(s)$$



$$G(s) = \frac{Eo(s)}{Ei(s)} = -\frac{R2}{R1}$$

b)



$$Ei(t) = R1 I(t) \Rightarrow Ei(s) = R1 I(s)$$

$$Eo(t) = -\frac{1}{C} \int I(t) dt \Rightarrow Eo(s) = -\frac{1}{Cs} I(s)$$



$$G(s) = \frac{Eo(s)}{Ei(s)} = -\frac{1}{R1 C s}$$

c)

$$Vc = \frac{1}{C1} \int I(t) dt \quad \xrightarrow{\text{Laplace}} \quad Vc(s) = \frac{I(s)}{C1 s} \Rightarrow Xc = \frac{Vc(s)}{I(s)} = \frac{1}{C s}$$

$$\frac{1}{Z1} = \frac{1}{R1} + \frac{1}{Xc1} = \frac{1}{R1} + C1s \Rightarrow Z1 = \frac{R1}{1 + R1C1s}$$

$$Z2 = R2 + Xc2 = R2 + \frac{1}{C2s} \Rightarrow Z2 = \frac{1 + R2C2s}{C2s}$$

Orduan:

$$Ei(s) = Vz1(s) + Vz2(s) = I(s)[Z1 + Z2] = I(s) \left[\frac{R1}{1 + R1C1s} + \frac{1 + R2C2s}{C2s} \right] = I(s) \left[\frac{R1C2s + (1 + R1C1s)(1 + R2C2s)}{C2s(1 + R1C1s)} \right]$$

$$Eo(s) = Vz2(s) = I(s) \frac{1 + R2C2s}{C2s}$$



$$G(s) = \frac{Eo(s)}{Ei(s)} = \frac{I(s) \frac{1 + R2C2s}{C2s}}{I(s) \left[\frac{R1C2s + (1 + R1C1s)(1 + R2C2s)}{C2s(1 + R1C1s)} \right]} = \frac{(1 + R1C1s)(1 + R2C2s)}{R1C2s + (1 + R1C1s)(1 + R2C2s)}$$