

Tabla de Integración { integral indefinida }

$\int x^n dx = \frac{x^{n+1}}{n+1} + c$	$\int u' \cdot u^n dx = \frac{u^{n+1}}{n+1} + c$
$\int \frac{dx}{x \pm a} = \ln(x \pm a) + c$	$\int \frac{u'}{u} dx = \ln(u) + c$
$\int a^x dx = \frac{a^x}{\ln(a)} + c$	$\int u' \cdot a^u dx = \frac{a^u}{\ln(a)} + c$
$\int e^x dx = e^x + c$	$\int u' \cdot e^u dx = e^u + c$
$\int \sin(x) dx = -\cos(x) + c$	$\int u' \cdot \sin(u) dx = -\cos(u) + c$
$\int \cos(x) dx = \sin(x) + c$	$\int u' \cdot \cos(u) dx = \sin(u) + c$
$\int \frac{dx}{\cos^2(x)} = \tan(x) + c$	$\int \frac{u'}{\cos^2(u)} dx = \tan(u) + c$
$\int \frac{dx}{\sin^2(x)} = -\cot \tan(x) + c$	$\int \frac{u'}{\sin^2(u)} dx = -\cot \tan(u) + c$
$\int \frac{dx}{1+x^2} = \arctan(x) + c$	$\int \frac{u'}{1+u^2} dx = \arctan(u) + c$
$\int \frac{dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} = \arcsin(x) + c$	$\int \frac{u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} dx = \arcsin(u) + c$
$\int \frac{-dx}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} = \arccos(x) + c$	$\int \frac{-u'}{\sqrt{1-u^2}} dx = \arccos(u) + c$

Propiedades fundamentales

$$\int [f(x) + g(x) - h(x)] dx = \int f(x) dx + \int g(x) dx - \int h(x) dx$$

$$\int k \cdot f(x) dx = k \cdot \int f(x) dx \quad (k \in \mathbb{R})$$